# KIRKLAND **AIM**

May 1, 2018

# SEC Proposes Standard of Conduct Interpretation and Enhanced Regulation for Investment Advisers; Private Fund Manager Penalized for Failing to Disclose Conflicts of Interest

## **SEC** Proposals

On April 18, 2018, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") proposed a long-anticipated package of rulemakings and interpretations aimed at establishing a broker-dealer standard of conduct and clarifying investor confusion about differences in a customer relationship with a broker-dealer and investment adviser. While the majority of these proposals apply to broker-dealers and advisers to retail investors,<sup>1</sup> the following aspects of the proposed interpretations and regulations could apply to all registered investment advisers, including private fund managers.

#### Enhanced Investment Adviser Regulation

The proposal included a request for comment regarding whether the SEC should propose the following requirements for investment advisers:

- licensing and continuing education requirements for adviser personnel,
- delivery of account statements to clients, including information about fees and expenses, and
- additional financial responsibility requirements in areas such as a net capital requirements, fidelity bonds or other requirements to protect investor assets.

#### Standard of Conduct Interpretation for Investment Advisers

The SEC also proposed an interpretation of the standard of conduct for investment advisers intended to codify and reaffirm (and, in some cases, clarify) the fiduciary duty that investment advisers owe to their clients under the Investment Adviser's Act, in order to provide greater transparency to investors regarding these obligations. The proposal highlights certain aspects of an investment adviser's fiduciary duty — specifically:

- **Duty of Care**: includes the duty to provide advice that is in the client's best interest, the duty to seek best execution of public securities transactions and the duty to act and to provide advice and monitoring over the course of the relationship, and
- **Duty of Loyalty**: requires the investment adviser to put a client's interests ahead of its own and avoid unfairly favoring one client over another, make full and fair disclosure of material facts and seek to avoid, and otherwise make full and fair disclosure of, material conflicts of interests with its clients.

The SEC is seeking public comment on each of these proposals.

### SEC Penalizes Private Fund Manager for Failing to Disclose Conflicts of Interest

On April 24, 2018, the SEC entered into a <u>settlement</u> with a private fund manager for the manager's alleged failure to disclose conflicts of interest between with its fund clients and investors related to a service agreement between the manager and a group purchasing organization (the "GPO"). The GPO aggregated portfolio company spending to obtain volume discounts, and in turn the manager received a portion of fees that vendors paid to the GPO in connection with these purchases.2 The SEC alleged that the manager breached its fiduciary duty to its private equity fund clients by failing to disclose the conflict of interest and being unable to effectively consent to the agreement with the GPO on behalf of its private equity fund clients, in violation of the Advisers Act.

In addition to a \$90,000 fine, the manager agreed to pay approximately \$620,000 of disgorgement and \$66,000 of prejudgment interest to the SEC.

The consent order continues the SEC enforcement and examination focus on undisclosed benefits accruing to the manager from its relationship to a private fund and its portfolio companies and notes that such conflicts could be approved by a fund's advisory board if authorized in the fund's organizational documents.

<sup>1</sup> These are described in our April 27, 2018, *Kirkland Alert*.

<sup>2</sup> The relevant agreements provided that the payment was for services rendered to the GPO by a private fund manager employee.

If you have any questions about the matters addressed in this *Kirkland AIM*, please contact the following Kirkland attorneys or your regular Kirkland contact.

#### **INVESTMENT FUNDS**

Norm Champ, P.C. norm.champ@kirkland.com +1 212 446 4966

Kevin R. Bettsteller kevin.bettsteller@kirkland.com +1 415 439 1427

Michael Chu michael.chu@kirkland.com +1 312 862 2101

Marian Fowler marian.fowler@kirkland.com +1 202 879 5171

Elizabeth L. Richards elizabeth.richards@kirkland.com +1 212 446 5971

Aaron Schlaphoff aaron.schlaphoff@kirkland.com +1 212 446 4996

Jamie Lynn Walter jamie.walter@kirkland.com +1 202 879 5069

Corey Zarse corey.zarse@kirkland.com +1 312 862 2033 Scott A. Moehrke, P.C. scott.moehrke@kirkland.com +1 312 862 2199

Lisa Cawley lisa.cawley@kirkland.com +44 20 7469 2140

Matthew Cohen matthew.cohen@kirkland.com +1 415 439 4706

Alpa Patel alpa.patel@kirkland.com +1 202 879 5141

Jaime D. Schechter jaime.schechter@kirkland.com +1 212 446 4979

Robert H. Sutton robert.sutton@kirkland.com +1 212 446 4897

Josh Westerholm joshua.westerholm@kirkland.com +1 312 862 2007

Kara M. Diamond kara.diamond@kirkland.com +1 212 446 4913



Tier 1 Investment Fund Formation and Management: Private Equity Funds

The Legal 500 US, 2017

This communication is distributed with the understanding that the author, publisher and distributor of this communication are not rendering legal, accounting, or other professional advice or opinions on specific facts or matters and, accordingly, assume no liability whatsoever in connection with its use. Pursuant to applicable rules of professional conduct, this communication may constitute Attorney Advertising.

© 2018 KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP. All rights reserved.